GADSDEN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Teacher Evaluation Rubrics



Developed Spring 2014

Development Committee Members

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Preface

The National Science Education Standards (1996) defines a rubric when used in education terminology as a standard of performance for a defined population. It is a scoring tool which can be used to assess behavior using a set of criteria and standards which relate to an objective.

The rubrics developed in this manual are intended for use by evaluators in assessing teacher performance at all levels and categories. This includes new teachers, teachers with 4 or more years of service and ineffective teachers needing assistance. Another use of the rubrics is to assist teachers, with the help of their peers and/or evaluators to identify areas in their teaching which may need improvement. One of the purposes is to help and encourage the teacher to reflect on his/her teaching, assess performance and feel free to discuss the evaluation and/or lesson evaluated with the administrator in an environment which may be nonthreatening. Since the rubrics are clearly defined, they show what performance must be met by teacher in the teaching and learning situation as the lesson progresses.

The domains, proficiency areas and indicators were identified and adopted in 2011. It was the task of the team/committee to provide the specifics for the rating rubrics using levels 0 to 4 for each of the indicators. In order to accomplish this task 12 educators were selected from Gadsden County School District. They brought with them a wide range of experience in teaching and administration and this proved very beneficial in the discussions and the outcomes as the various levels of performance were determined. The team met twice monthly from February to June in order to identify the behaviors necessary for each indicator, the evidence for teacher behavior, and the evidence for impact on student learning. Each new session began with discussions, feedback and revision (if necessary) of the rubrics developed during the previous session. This was to ensure that the ranked categories which were developed described clearly and concisely what were the levels of performance. These levels ranged from not performing (0) to exemplary (4).

Efforts were made to make distinctly clear the difference among the levels. One example is in Domain1: Proficiency Area3: Indicator 1. In level 1 there is evidence that the teacher notices that students are not engaged, but does not take action whereas in level 2, there is evidence that the teacher notices that students are not engaged and takes action but the action is not effective. Even though sometimes the rating may seem

subjective and open to discussion, most often, as in the above example, both the evaluator and the teacher are aware of, and understand, the difference among the ratings. The professional diversity of the rubric development committee is by designed intended to include perspectives from every level of the evaluation process, not only to ensure that the tool is fair and consistent, but also to ensure that the language include in the tool would be common to all levels the teacher evaluation stakeholders.

It is expected that the rubrics developed by this team to be used by evaluators will better assist both administrators and the classroom teachers evaluated using the *Gadsden County Classroom Teacher Evaluation Model*. Since the levels of the rating rubrics relate specifically to the indicators, teachers will find them helpful in assessing their own teaching and their students' learning. The evidence of teacher behavior and the evidence of impact on student learning are added to further clarify for both the teacher and the evaluator the level of teaching and learning that is evidenced. It is the intent of the Committee that these rubrics when properly used will serve to guide educators toward effective instructional practices and consequently, improve student academic performance.

Teacher Evaluation Model Rubric

Domain 1: Classroom Strategies and Behaviors

Proficiency Area 1: Involving Routine Events-Teacher communicates learning goals, track student progress, and celebrates success. Classroom rules and procedures are established and maintained.

Indicator 1: A common board configuration is used to clearly outline learning objective(s), essential question(s), and instructional agenda/activities.

Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Not Using	Beginning to Use Elements of	Developing Proficient	Applying Effective Practices	Innovative Applications of
	Common Board Configuration	Practices	of Common Board	Common Board Configuration
			Configuration	Use
There is no or very little evidence of a Common Board Configuration (CBC).	The CBC is incorrect (e.g. not up to date) or has parts missing.	The CBC has all/some of the essential components but they may or may not be clearly defined.	The CBC has all of the essential components and they are correct and clearly defined in a student friendly way.	The CBC has all of the essential components and they are correctly and clearly defined in a student friendly way.
		The CBC is not clearly visible or cannot be easily accessed.	The CBC is visible and easily accessible by students and the teacher.	The CBC is visible and easily accessible by students and the teacher.
				The CBC goes beyond the essential components to express instructional goals and activities.

Teacher Behavior Evidence:	Impact on Learning Evidence:
 Teacher provides common board configuration as a roadmap of what is going to take place during class Teacher continuously references common board configuration during the lesson 	 Students demonstrate clear knowledge of learning objective(s), essential question(s), and instructional activities Students are able to reference the common board configuration throughout the lesson Increased student performance

Teacher Evaluation Model Rubric

Domain 1: Classroom Strategies and Behaviors

Proficiency Area 1: Involving Routine Events-Teacher communicates learning goals, track student progress, and celebrates success. Classroom rules and procedures are established and maintained.

Indicator 2: The learning objective is clearly displayed for students.

Rating Rubric

Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Not Using	Beginning to Demonstrate	Developing Proficient	Applying Effective Practices	Learning Objectives are
	Strategies	Practices	of Clearly Displaying	Innovatively Displayed
			Objectives	
The learning objective is not	The learning objective is not	The learning objective must	The learning objective is clearly	The learning objective is clearly
displayed.	clearly displayed (e.g. obstructed	show evidence of one or two	displayed, written in student	displayed, written in student
	view).	criteria: clearly displayed, written	friendly language, and is legible.	friendly language, is legible, and
		in student friendly language, or is	All three components must be	contains other unique features
		legible.	evident.	such as color coding.

Teacher Behavior Evidence:

- Teacher displays measureable learning objective(s) in an area that is visible to all students
- Teacher displays measureable learning objective(s) legibly
- Teacher uses student friendly language to describe measurable learning objective(s)

- Students know where to locate learning objective
- Students clearly understand learning objective
- Students can relate current activities to the learning objective
- Increased student performance

Teacher Evaluation Model Rubric

Domain 1: Classroom Strategies and Behaviors

Proficiency Area 1: Involving Routine Events-Teacher communicates learning goals, track student progress, and celebrate success. Classroom rules and procedures are established and maintained.

Indicator 3: Learning objective is a clear statement of knowledge or information as opposed to an activity or assignment.

Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Not Practiced	Beginning/Attempting to	Developing Proficient	Applying Effective Practices	Innovative Applications of
	Practice	Practices		Practice
The learning objective is not stated.	The learning objective is only referenced by the benchmark number (e.g. LA.4.1.6.7, SC.9.L.14.26, MA.4.A.2.3).	The learning objective is a phrase from the standard(s) being taught; not necessarily at statement of knowledge (e.g. Main Idea and Details; Fractions, Cell Structure).	The learning objective is a clear statement of knowledge or information that includes what students are expected to understand after the lesson. The learning objective is aligned with State Standards.	The learning objective is a clear statement of knowledge or information that includes what students are expected to understand and apply after the lesson. The learning objective is aligned with State Standards. It includes academic terms that have already been taught (e.g. synthesize versus pull out information).

Teacher Behavior Evidence:	Impact on Learning Evidence:
Teacher states specifically what it is student will learn as a result of the lesson The learn as the state of the learn as a result of the lesson.	 Students understand what it is they are supposed to learn from lesson Increased student performance
 Teacher uses student friendly language to describe measurable learning objectives 	

Teacher Evaluation Model Rubric

Domain 1: Classroom Strategies and Behaviors

Proficiency Area 1: Involving Routine Events-Teacher communicates learning goals, track student progress, and celebrate success. Classroom rules and procedures are established and maintained.

Indicator 4: The teacher routinely references learning objective during instruction.

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Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Not Practiced	Beginning/Attempting to	Developing Proficient	Applying Effective Practices	Innovative Applications of
	Practice	Practices		Practice
The learning objective is not	The learning objective is	The learning objective is	The learning objective is	The learning objective is
referenced during the	referenced in a disjointed manner	referenced during the	referenced several times	referenced several times
instructional period.	(e.g. not connected to the flow of	instructional period.	throughout the instructional	throughout the instructional
	instruction).		period (beginning, middle, and	period using different media (e.g.
			end of instruction).	charts, board, technology, book,
				exit tickets, etc.).

Teacher Behavior Evidence:	Impact on Learning Evidence:
 Teacher consistently references learning objective throughout the lesson Teacher uses student friendly language to describe learning objective 	 Students understand what it is they are supposed to learn from lesson Students reference learning objectives throughout lessons Increased student performance

Teacher Evaluation Model Rubric

Domain 1: Classroom Strategies and Behaviors

Proficiency Area 1: Involving Routine Events-Teacher communicates learning goals, track student progress, and celebrate success. Classroom rules and procedures are established and maintained.

Indicator 5: The teacher has a scale or rubric that relates to the learning objective posted.

Rating Rubric

Tuting Tubile				
Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Not Practiced	Beginning/Attempting to	Developing Proficient	Applying Effective Practices	Innovative Applications of
	Practice	Practices		Practice
A scale or rubric that relates to	A scale or rubric that relates to	A scale or rubric that relates to	A scale or rubric that relates to	A scale or rubric that relates to
the learning objective is not	the learning objective is not	the learning objective must show	the learning objective is clearly	the learning objective is clearly
posted.	clearly posted (e.g. obstructed	evidence of one or two criteria:	posted, in student friendly	posted, written in student friendly
	view).	clearly posted, written in student	language, and is legible. All	language, is legible, and contains
		friendly language, or is legible.	three components must be	other unique features such as
			evident.	color coding.

Teacher Behavior Evidence:

- Teacher has a scale or rubric that relates to the learning objective
- Teacher posts learning objective scale or rubric so that it is visible to all students

- Students understand the meaning of the levels of performance in scales and/or rubrics used for instruction
- Students understand scales or rubrics as they relate to learning objectives
- Students use scales and/or rubrics during the course of a lesson
- Increased student performance

Teacher Evaluation Model Rubric

Domain 1: Classroom Strategies and Behaviors

Proficiency Area 1: Involving Routine Events-Teacher communicates learning goals, track student progress, and celebrate success. Classroom rules and procedures are established and maintained.

Indicator 6: The teacher references scale or rubric for evaluating the student throughout the lesson.

Rating Rubric

Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Not Practiced	Beginning/Attempting to	Developing Proficient	Applying Effective Practices	Innovative Applications of
	Practice	Practices		Practice
The scale or rubric for evaluating				
the student is not referenced	the student is referenced in a	the student is referenced	the student is explained and	the student is referenced
throughout the instructional	disjointed manner (e.g. not	throughout the instructional	referenced throughout the	throughout the instructional
period.	connected to the flow of	period.	instructional period.	period with examples and non-
	instruction).			examples.

Teacher Behavior Evidence:

- Teacher consistently references learning objective scale or rubric throughout the lesson
- Teacher uses scales or rubrics to adjust instruction based on student performance

- Students understand the meaning of the levels of performance in scales and/or rubrics used for instruction
- Students understand scales or rubrics as they relate to learning objectives
- Students use scales and/or rubrics during the course of a lesson
- Increased student performance

Teacher Evaluation Model Rubric

Domain 1: Classroom Strategies and Behaviors

Proficiency Area 1: Involving Routine Events-Teacher communicates learning goals, track student progress, and celebrate success. Classroom rules and procedures are established and maintained.

Indicator 7: A warm-up routine has clearly been established.

Rading Rubi ic				
Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Not Practicing	Beginning to Use Elements of	Developing Proficient	Applying Effective Practices	Innovative Applications of
	Practice	Practices		Practice
A warm-up routine is not	A warm-up routine has not	A warm-up routine has been	A warm-up routine has clearly	A warm-up routine has clearly
evident.	clearly been established.	attempted but is disjointed (e.g.	been established.	been established and is indicated
		not connected to the flow of		by student behavior.
		instruction).		

Teacher Behavior Evidence:	Impact on Learning Evidence:
 Teacher uses bell-ringer or similar strategies to begin lesson Teacher ensures all students understand the warm-up routine Teacher requires students to restate or explain warm-up routine 	 Students are able to restate or explain warm-up routine Students adapt to instructional routines and procedures (e.g. cues and signals from teacher) Increased student performance

Teacher Evaluation Model Rubric

Domain 1: Classroom Strategies and Behaviors

Proficiency Area 1: Involving Routine Events-Teacher communicates learning goals, track student progress, and celebrate success. Classroom rules and procedures are established and maintained.

Indicator 8: Instruction begins on time and continues through the end of the period.

Rating Rubi ic				
Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Not Practicing	Beginning to Use Elements of	Developing Proficient	Applying Effective Practices	Innovative Applications of
	Practice	Practices		Practice
Instruction is not evident.	Instruction does not begin on	Instruction does not begin on	Instruction begins on time and	Instruction begins on time and
	time and does not continue	time or does not continue through	continues through the end of the	continues to engage students
	through the end of the period.	the end of the period.	period.	through the end of the period.

 Teacher Behavior Evidence: Teacher begins lesson/class period on time Teacher continues instruction to the end of the lesson/ class period 	 Impact on Learning Evidence: Students are engaged in learning from beginning to end of lesson/class period Students follow established routines during the instructional period Increased student performance
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Teacher Evaluation Model Rubric

Domain 1: Classroom Strategies and Behaviors

Proficiency Area 2: Addressing Content- Students effectively interact with new knowledge. Students are provided opportunities to practice and deepen their understanding of new knowledge. Students are provided opportunities to generate and test hypotheses about new knowledge.

Indicator 1: The teacher clearly identifies essential questions and other critical information.

Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Not Practicing	Beginning to Use Elements of	Developing Proficient	Applying Effective Practices	Innovative Applications of
	Practice	Practices		Practice
An essential question and other critical information (e.g. relevant vocabulary) are not identified.	An essential question(s) or other critical information (e.g. relevant vocabulary) is/are identified but is/are not relevant to the lesson.	An essential question(s) and other critical information (e.g. relevant vocabulary) is/are identified but are not relevant to	An essential question(s) and other critical information (e.g. relevant vocabulary) is/are identified and are relevant to the	A rigorous essential question(s) and other critical information (e.g. relevant vocabulary) are identified and are relevant to the
	is/are not relevant to the lesson.	the lesson	lesson.	lesson.
				The essential question engages students in higher level thinking.

Teacher Behavior Evidence:	Impact on Learning Evidence:
 Teacher displays, identifies, and consistently references the essential question Teacher uses the essential question to drive instruction Teacher provides and updates critical information (e.g. common board, key vocabulary, word wall) Teacher uses various methods to consistently assess learning 	 Students are able to identify and answer essential question Students are able to discern critical information within a text Increased student performance

Teacher Evaluation Model Rubric

Domain 1: Classroom Strategies and Behaviors

Proficiency Area 2: Addressing Content- Students effectively interact with new knowledge. Students are provided opportunities to practice and deepen their understanding of new knowledge. Students are provided opportunities to generate and test hypotheses about new knowledge.

Indicator 2: Students are organized to enable effective interaction with new knowledge (e.g. whole group, small group, centers, etc.).

Rating Rubric

Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Not Practicing	Beginning to Use Elements of	Developing Proficient	Applying Effective Practices	Innovative Applications of
	Practice	Practices		Practice
Students are not organized (e.g.	Students are organized (e.g.			
whole group, small group,	whole group, small group,	whole group, small group,	whole group, small group,	whole group, small group,
centers, etc.) to enable effective	centers, etc.), but effective	centers, etc.), but effective	centers, etc.) and effective	centers, etc.) and effective
interaction with new knowledge.	interaction with new knowledge			
	is not evident.	is limited or minimal.	is evident.	is evident.
				Procedures and routines are in place and clearly understood. Organization is clearly evident and appropriate resources are available to complete activities. There is clear evidence of analysis and synthesis of new knowledge.

Teacher Behavior Evidence:

- Teacher organizes the classroom to provide easy access to materials and centers
- Teacher establishes routines for student groupings and interactions in groups
- Teacher monitors student group interactions
- Teacher uses various methods to consistently assess learning

- Students understand routines and expectations for appropriate behavior in groups
- Students respect the opinions of others
- Increased student performance

Teacher Evaluation Model Rubric

Domain 1: Classroom Strategies and Behaviors

Proficiency Area 2: Addressing Content- Students effectively interact with new knowledge. Students are provided opportunities to practice and deepen their understanding of new knowledge. Students are provided opportunities to generate and test hypotheses about new knowledge.

Indicator 3: An opportunity is provided to preview, process, and elaborate on new content.

Rating Rubric

Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Not Practicing	Beginning to Use Elements of	Developing Proficient	Applying Effective Practices	Innovative Applications of
	Practice	Practices		Practice
There is no evidence of the three practices: preview, process, and elaborate on new content.	There is evidence of one of the three practices: preview, process, or elaboration on new content.	There is evidence of two of the three practices: preview, process, or elaboration on new content.	There is evidence of all three practices: preview, process, and elaboration on new content.	There is clear/precise evidence of all three practices: preview, process, and elaboration on new content.
				There is an incorporation of a connection between real world and the current lesson as a part of the preview, process, and elaboration practice. A continuous effort is made to extend the lesson using relevant and current information.

Teacher Behavior Evidence:

- Teacher begins lessons with preview activities (e.g. graphic organizers, use of manipulations, anticipation guides, brainstorming, journal writing, etc.)
- Teacher engages students in elaborative discussions and activities (e.g. close reading, question generation, inquiry)
- Teacher uses various methods to consistently assess learning

- Students explain linkages to prior knowledge
- Students exhibit the following skills: volunteering predictions, explaining new knowledge, and asking clarification questions
- Increased student performance

Teacher Evaluation Model Rubric

Domain 1: Classroom Strategies and Behaviors

Proficiency Area 2: Addressing Content: Students effectively interact with new knowledge. Students are provided opportunities to practice and deepen their understanding of new knowledge. Students are provided opportunities to generate and test hypotheses about new knowledge.

Indicator 4: The teacher chunks content into "digestible bites".

Rading Rubi ic				
Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Not Practicing	Beginning to Use Elements of	Developing Proficient	Applying Effective Practices	Innovative Applications of
	Practice	Practices		Practice
The teacher does not chunk	The teacher makes an effort to	The teacher chunks content into	The teacher chunks content into	The teacher chunks content into
content into "digestible bites".	chunk content into "digestible	"digestible bites" with little	"digestible bites" and it is evident	"digestible bites" and it is evident
No effort is made to break	bites". However, there is	elaboration but there is little	through student response that the	through student response that the
content down into understandable	evidence that the content is not	evidence that the students	students understand the content	students understand the content
parts.	clear to the students.	understand the content.	but they are unable to apply the	and they are unable to apply the
			new knowledge.	new knowledge.

Teacher Behavior Evidence:	Impact on Learning Evidence:
 Teacher breaks content down into understandable parts 	 Students can explain why the teacher stops at various points
 Teacher stops or pauses at strategic points during instruction 	 Students know what is expected of them when the teacher stops at
 Teacher allows students to interact with new information 	strategic points
 Teacher uses various methods to consistently assess learning 	 Students know when they need to stop and question content
	Increased student performance

Teacher Evaluation Model Rubric

Domain 1: Classroom Strategies and Behaviors

Proficiency Area 2: Addressing Content- Students effectively interact with new knowledge. Students are provided opportunities to practice and deepen their understanding of new knowledge. Students are provided opportunities to generate and test hypotheses about new knowledge.

Indicator 5: The teacher engages students in cognitively complex tasks involving hypothesis generating and testing.

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Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Not Practicing	Beginning to Use Elements of	Developing Proficient	Applying Effective Practices	Innovative Applications of
	Practice	Practices		Practice
There is no evidence that the	There is little evidence that the	There is evidence that the teacher	There is evidence that the teacher	There is evidence that the teacher
teacher engages students in	teacher engages students in	engages students in cognitively	engages students in cognitively	engages students in cognitively
cognitively complex tasks	cognitively complex tasks	complex tasks but the tasks do	complex tasks involving	complex tasks involving
involving generating and testing	involving generating and testing	not involve generating and	generating and testing hypotheses	generating and testing hypotheses
hypotheses.	hypotheses.	testing hypotheses.	but not all of the students are	and all students are monitored for
			monitored for the desired effect.	the desired effect.

Teacher Behavior Evidence:	Impact on Learning Evidence:
Teacher uses higher order questions and activities	Students develop and test problem solving strategies or interventions to
 Teacher establishes the need to generate and test hypotheses 	a major problem
 Teacher organizes students in groups to generate and test hypotheses 	 Students can explain whether their hypothesis is confirmed or
 Teacher uses various methods to consistently assess learning 	disconfirmed
	 Students' artifacts indicate that they can engage in decision making,
	experimental inquiry, or investigations
	Increased student performance

Teacher Evaluation Model Rubric

Domain 1: Classroom Strategies and Behaviors

Proficiency Area 2: Addressing Content- Students effectively interact with new knowledge. Students are provided opportunities to practice and deepen their understanding of new knowledge. Students are provided opportunities to generate and test hypotheses about new knowledge.

Indicator 6: The teacher provides resources and guidance to students.

Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Not Practicing	Beginning to Use Elements of	Developing Proficient	Applying Effective Practices	Innovative Applications of
_	Practice	Practices		Practice
The teacher does not provide	The teacher provides minimal	The teacher provides minimal	The teacher provides resources	The teacher provides resources
resources and guidance to	resources and no guidance to	resources and limited guidance to	and guidance to students.	and guidance to students.
students.	students.	students.		Teacher adapts and creates
				strategies for unique student
				needs and situations in order for
				the desired effect to be evident in
				all students.

Teacher Behavior Evidence:	Impact on Learning Evidence:		
Teacher models	Students seek out the teacher for advice and guidance regarding		
Teacher facilitates guided practice	hypothesis generation and testing tasks		
Teacher uses small group instruction	 Students use resources provided by the teacher to complete activities 		
Teacher uses manipulatives or visual aids	and projects		
Teacher provides opportunity for independent practice	Increased student performance		
Teacher uses various methods to consistently assess learning			

Teacher Evaluation Model Rubric

Domain 1: Classroom Strategies and Behaviors

Proficiency Area 2: Addressing Content- Students effectively interact with new knowledge. Students are provided opportunities to practice and deepen their understanding of new knowledge. Students are provided opportunities to generate and test hypotheses about new knowledge.

Indicator 7: Students are required to record and represent knowledge.

Rating Rubric

Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Not Practicing	Beginning to Use Elements of	Developing Proficient	Applying Effective Practices	Innovative Applications of
	Practice	Practices		Practice
There is no evidence that students are required to record and represent knowledge.	There is limited evidence that students are required to record and represent knowledge.	There is evidence that students are required to record and represent knowledge but the process is not monitored.	There is evidence that students are required to record and represent knowledge and the process is monitored.	There is evidence that students are required to record and represent knowledge. The process is revised and monitored to reflect the learning situation.

Teacher Behavior Evidence:

- Teacher provides opportunity for students to summarize new knowledge
- Teacher requires students to create nonlinguistic representations for new content (e.g. graphic organizers, pictures, videos, flow charts, etc.)
- Teacher requires students to create mnemonics that organize content
- Teacher uses various methods to consistently assess learning

- Students are able to explain main points of the lesson
- Students' nonlinguistic representations include critical content
- Students' summaries and notes include critical content
- Increased student performance

Teacher Evaluation Model Rubric

Domain 1: Classroom Strategies and Behaviors

Proficiency Area 2: Addressing Content- Students effectively interact with new knowledge. Students are provided opportunities to practice and deepen their understanding of new knowledge. Students are provided opportunities to generate and test hypotheses about new knowledge.

Indicator 8: Students are provided opportunities to reflect on learning.

Rating Rubric

Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Not Practicing	Beginning to Use Elements of	Developing Proficient	Applying Effective Practices	Innovative Applications of
	Practice	Practices		Practice
There is no evidence that	There is limited evidence that	There is evidence that students	There is evidence that students	There is evidence that students
students are provided	students are provided	are provided opportunities to	are provided opportunities to	are provided opportunities to
opportunities to reflect on	opportunities to reflect on	reflect on learning but it is not	reflect on learning by recording,	reflect on learning by recording,
learning.	learning.	monitored.	explaining, or describing new	explaining, describing,
			knowledge.	presenting, and evaluating their
				own learning.

Teacher Behavior Evidence:

- Teacher provides opportunity for students to summarize new knowledge
- Teacher requires students to create nonlinguistic representations for new content (e.g. graphic organizers, pictures, videos, flow charts, etc.)
- Teacher requires students to create mnemonics that organize content
- Teacher uses various methods to consistently assess learning

- Students are able to explain processes used to complete learning tasks
- Students are able to differentiate between information they have learned and information requiring further clarification
- Increased student performance

Teacher Evaluation Model Rubric

Domain 1: Classroom Strategies and Behaviors

Proficiency Area 2: Addressing Content- Students effectively interact with new knowledge. Students are provided opportunities to practice and deepen their understanding of new knowledge. Students are provided opportunities to generate and test hypotheses about new knowledge.

Indicator 9: Students are organized to practice and deepen knowledge.

Rating Rubric

Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Not Practicing	Beginning to Use Elements of	Developing Proficient	Applying Effective Practices	Innovative Applications of
_	Practice	Practices		Practice
There is no evidence that	There is evidence that students	There is limited evidence that	There is evidence that students	There is evidence that students
students are organized to practice	are organized to practice	students are organized to practice	are organized to practice and	are organized to interact in
and deepen knowledge.	knowledge but no evidence that	and deepen knowledge.	deepen knowledge.	explicit ways to deepen their
	the organization results in			knowledge of informational
	deepening knowledge.			content; and practice a specific
				skill, strategy, or process.
				_

Teacher Behavior Evidence:

- Teacher uses data to strategically organize students in small groups
- Teacher adapts and creates new strategies for unique student needs
- Teacher provides opportunities for students to practice skills and deepen their knowledge (e.g. text marking, note taking, etc.)
- Teacher monitors student group interactions
- Teacher uses various methods to consistently assess learning

- Students interact in explicit ways to understand and deepen knowledge
- Students explain how groups support their learning
- Increased student performance

Teacher Evaluation Model Rubric

Domain 1: Classroom Strategies and Behaviors

Proficiency Area 2: Addressing Content- Students effectively interact with new knowledge. Students are provided opportunities to practice and deepen their understanding of new knowledge. Students are provided opportunities to generate and test hypotheses about new knowledge.

Indicator 10: Students are organized for cognitively complex tasks.

Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Not Practicing	Beginning to Use Elements of	Developing Proficient	Applying Effective Practices	Innovative Applications of
_	Practice	Practices		Practice
There is no evidence that students are organized for cognitively complex tasks.	There is evidence that students are organized but the tasks are not cognitively complex.	There is limited evidence that students are organized for cognitively complex tasks.	There is evidence that students are organized for cognitively complex tasks as evident by their understanding of the complexity of the task.	There is clear evidence that students are well organized for cognitively complex tasks as evident by their understanding of the complexity of the task and their ability to apply the understanding using new strategies.

Teacher Behavior Evidence:	Impact on Learning Evidence:
 Teacher uses data to strategically organize students in small groups to facilitate work on cognitively complex tasks Teacher monitors student group interactions Teacher uses various methods to consistently assess learning 	 Students use group activities to generate questions and test hypotheses Students describe the importance of generating questions and testing hypothesis about knowledge Students explain how groups support their learning Increased student performance

Teacher Evaluation Model Rubric

Domain 1: Classroom Strategies and Behaviors

Proficiency Area 2: Addressing Content- Students effectively interact with new knowledge. Students are provided opportunities to practice and deepen their understanding of new knowledge. Students are provided opportunities to generate and test hypotheses about new knowledge.

Indicator 11: Opportunities are provided for students to review content.

Rating Rubric

Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Not Practicing	Beginning to Use Elements of	Developing Proficient	Applying Effective Practices	Innovative Applications of
	Practice	Practices		Practice
There is no evidence that opportunities are provided for students to review content.	There is limited evidence that opportunities are provided for students to review content.	There is evidence that opportunities are provided for students to review content but content review is not monitored.	There is evidence that opportunities are provided for students to review content and content reviewed is monitored.	There is evidence that multiple opportunities are provided for students to review content; content reviewed is monitored and feedback is provided.
				Students are able to describe and recall previous content and its application to new knowledge in multiple ways.

Teacher Behavior Evidence:

- Teacher ends lessons with review activities (e.g. graphic organizers, use of manipulations, anticipation guides, brainstorming, journal writing, etc.)
- Teacher requires students to create nonlinguistic representations for new content (e.g. graphic organizers, pictures, videos, flow charts, etc.)
- Teacher uses various methods to consistently assess learning (e.g. brief practice test/task or exercise, demonstrations, summarizing, mnemonic creations)

- Students can describe the previous content on which the lesson is based
- Students' responses indicate that they recall previous content
- Students' work indicate that they are able to summarize, present, problem solve, and demonstrate new knowledge
- Increased student performance

Teacher Evaluation Model Rubric

Domain 1: Classroom Strategies and Behaviors

Proficiency Area 2: Addressing Content- Students effectively interact with new knowledge. Students are provided opportunities to practice and deepen their understanding of new knowledge. Students are provided opportunities to generate and test hypotheses about new knowledge.

Indicator 12: Opportunities are provided for students to compare and contrast.

Rating Rubric

Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Not Practicing	Beginning to Use Elements of	Developing Proficient	Applying Effective Practices	Innovative Applications of
	Practice	Practices		Practice
There is no evidence that opportunities are provided for students to compare and contrast.	There is limited evidence that opportunities are provided for students to compare and contrast.	There is evidence that opportunities are provided for students to compare and contrast but the majority of the students are not monitored for the desired effect of the strategy.	There is evidence that opportunities are provided for students to compare and contrast and the majority of students are monitored for the desired effect of the strategy.	There is evidence that multiple opportunities are provided for students to compare and contrast. All students are monitored for the desired effect of the strategy and students' artifacts indicate that they can apply the desired effects of the strategy.

Teacher Behavior Evidence:

- Teacher engages students in activities that require students to compare and contrast content
- Teacher facilities the use of activities (e.g. summarizing, comparing, contrasting, analyzing, classifying) to help students deepen their understanding of content

- Students' artifacts indicate that their knowledge has been extended as a result of the activity
- Students' artifacts indicate that they can compare and contrast
- Students can effectively use graphic organizers, make analogies, and synthesize information
- Increased student performance

Teacher Evaluation Model Rubric

Domain 1: Classroom Strategies and Behaviors

Proficiency Area 2: Addressing Content- Students effectively interact with new knowledge. Students are provided opportunities to practice and deepen their understanding of new knowledge. Students are provided opportunities to generate and test hypotheses about new knowledge.

Indicator 13: Opportunities are provided for students to examine similarities and differences.

Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Not Practicing	Beginning to Use Elements of	Developing Proficient	Applying Effective Practices	Innovative Applications of
	Practice	Practices		Practice
There is no evidence that opportunities are provided for students to examine similarities and differences.	There is limited evidence that opportunities are provided for students to examine similarities and differences.	There is evidence that opportunities are provided for students to examine similarities and differences but the majority of the students are not monitored for the desired effect of the strategy.	There is evidence that opportunities are provided for students to examine similarities and differences and the majority of students are monitored for the desired effect of the strategy.	There is evidence that multiple opportunities are provided for students to examine similarities and differences. All students are monitored for the desired effect of the strategy and students' artifacts indicate that they can apply the desired effects of the strategy.

Teacher Behavior Evidence:	Impact on Learning Evidence:
 Teacher engages students in activities that require students to examine similarities and differences between content Teacher facilities the use of activities (e.g. summarizing, comparing, contrasting, analyzing, classifying) to help students deepen their understanding of content 	 Students' artifacts indicate that their knowledge has been extended as a result of the activity Students' artifacts indicate that they can identify similarities and differences Students can effectively use graphic organizers, make analogies, and synthesize information
	Increased student performance

Teacher Evaluation Model Rubric

Domain 1: Classroom Strategies and Behaviors

Proficiency Area 2: Addressing Content- Students effectively interact with new knowledge. Students are provided opportunities to practice and deepen their understanding of new knowledge. Students are provided opportunities to generate and test hypotheses about new knowledge.

Indicator 14: Opportunities are provided for students to examine errors in reasoning.

Rating Rubric

Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Not Practicing	Beginning to Use Elements of	Developing Proficient	Applying Effective Practices	Innovative Applications of
	Practice	Practices		Practice
There is no evidence that opportunities are provided for students to examine errors in reasoning.	There is limited evidence that opportunities are provided for students to examine errors in reasoning.	There is evidence that opportunities are provided for students to examine errors in reasoning but the majority of the students are not monitored for the desired effect of the strategy.	There is evidence that opportunities are provided for students to examine errors in reasoning and the majority of students are monitored for the desired effect of the strategy.	There is evidence that multiple opportunities are provided for students to examine errors in reasoning. All students are monitored for the desired effect of the strategy and students' artifacts indicate that they can apply the desired effects of the strategy.

Teacher Behavior Evidence:

- Teacher requires students to examine information for errors and informal fallacies (e.g. faulty logic, weak reference, misinformation)
- Teacher requires students to examine the validity and reliability of support presented for a claim (e.g. statement of a clear claim, evidence for a claim, qualifiers showing exceptions for the claim)

- Students can describe errors or informal fallacies in information
- Students artifacts indicate that they can identify errors in reasoning
- Increased student performance

Teacher Evaluation Model Rubric

Domain 1: Classroom Strategies and Behaviors

Proficiency Area 2: Addressing Content- Students effectively interact with new knowledge. Students are provided opportunities to practice and deepen their understanding of new knowledge. Students are provided opportunities to generate and test hypotheses about new knowledge.

Indicator 15: Opportunities are provided for students to practice skills, strategies, and processes.

Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Not Practicing	Beginning to Use Elements of	Developing Proficient	Applying Effective Practices	Innovative Applications of
	Practice	Practices		Practice
There is no evidence of the three	There is evidence of one of the	There is evidence of two of the	There is evidence of all three	There is clear/precise evidence of
practices skills, strategies, and	three practices skills, strategies,	three practices: skills, strategies,	practices: skills, strategies, and	all three practices: skills,
processes	or processes.	or processes.	processes.	strategies, and processes.
				There is an incorporation of a
				connection between real world
				and the current lesson as a part of
				the skills, strategies, and
				processes. A continuous effort is
				made to extend the lesson using
				relevant and current information.

Teacher Behavior Evidence:	Impact on Learning Evidence:
 Teacher facilitates activities that are appropriate to students' current ability to apply a skill, strategy, or process Teacher uses guided and/or independent practice appropriately 	 Students perform the skill, strategy, or process with increased confidence Students perform the skill, strategy, or process with increased
Teacher uses various methods to consistently assess learning	competenceIncreased student performance

Teacher Evaluation Model Rubric

Domain 1: Classroom Strategies and Behaviors

Proficiency Area 2: Addressing Content- Students effectively interact with new knowledge. Students are provided opportunities to practice and deepen their understanding of new knowledge. Students are provided opportunities to generate and test hypotheses about new knowledge.

Indicator 16: Opportunities are provided for students to revise knowledge.

Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Not Practicing	Beginning to Use Elements of	Developing Proficient	Applying Effective Practices	Innovative Applications of
	Practice	Practices		Practice
There is no evidence that opportunities are provided for students to revise knowledge.	There is limited evidence that opportunities are provided for students to revise knowledge.	There is evidence that opportunities are provided for students to revise knowledge but content revision is not monitored.	There is evidence that opportunities are provided for students to revise knowledge and content revision is monitored.	There is evidence that multiple opportunities are provided for students to revise knowledge; content revision is monitored and feedback is provided.
				Students are able to describe and recall previous knowledge and its application to new information in multiple ways.

Teacher Behavior Evidence:	Impact on Learning Evidence:
Teacher requires students to examine how the current lesson changed perceptions and understandings of previous content	 Students make correction to information previously recorded about knowledge
Teacher requires students to explain how their knowledge has changed	 Students explain previous errors or misconceptions about knowledge Increased student performance

Teacher Evaluation Model Rubric

Domain 1: Classroom Strategies and Behaviors

Proficiency Area 3: Enacted on the Spot: All students are engaged. Students adhere to classroom rules. Teacher has established and maintains relationships with students. Teacher has high expectations for all students.

Indicator 1: Teacher notices and reacts when students are not engaged.

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Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Not Practicing	Beginning to Use Elements of	Developing Proficient	Applying Effective Practices	Innovative Applications of
	Practice	Practices		Practice
There is no evidence that the	There is evidence that the teacher			
teacher notices and reacts when	notices that students are not	notices that students are not	notices when students are not	immediately notices when
students are not engaged.	engaged, but the teacher does not	engaged and the teacher takes	engaged, the teacher effectively	students are not engaged and the
	take action.	action but the action is not	takes action and monitors the	teacher effectively redirects the
		effective.	extent of re-engagement (e.g.	students back on task. There is
			assuming close proximity to	evidence of procedures in place
			student, use of verbal and	for self-redirection and re-
			nonverbal cues).	engagement.

Teacher Behavior Evidence:	Impact on Learning Evidence:
 Teacher recognizes when particular students or groups of students are not engaged Teacher notices a decrease or decline in engagement Teacher takes appropriate action to redirect students for engagement Teacher adjusts assignment or activity to increase engagement 	 Student behavior changes Student eagerly responds and/or participates Student performance shows lesson objective has been achieved Increased student performance

Teacher Evaluation Model Rubric

Domain 1: Classroom Strategies and Behaviors

Proficiency Area 3: Enacted on the Spot: All students are engaged. Students adhere to classroom rules. Teacher has established and maintains relationships with students. Teacher has high expectations for all students.

Indicator 2: Teacher uses both voluntary and non-voluntary strategies to elicit responses from students.

Rating Rubite				
Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Not Practicing	Beginning to Use Elements of	Developing Proficient	Applying Effective Practices	Innovative Applications of
	Practice	Practices		Practice
There is no evidence that the	There is evidence that the teacher	There is little evidence that the	There is evidence that the teacher	There is evidence that the teacher
teacher uses neither voluntary	uses either voluntary or non-	teacher uses both voluntary and	uses both voluntary and non-	uses both voluntary and non-
nor non-voluntary strategies to	voluntary strategies to elicit	non-voluntary strategies to elicit	voluntary strategies to elicit	voluntary strategies to encourage
elicit responses from students.	responses from students but	responses from students.	responses from students.	higher order thinking responses.
	evidence of both strategies is not			
	noticed.			

Teacher Behavior Evidence:	Impact on Learning Evidence:
Teacher uses response cards and other individual response mechanisms	 Students are eager to respond
(e.g. popsicle sticks, names in a hat, clothespins, hand signals, etc.)	 Students are actively engaged
Teacher uses technology to elicit responses	Students respond verbally
Teacher provides wait-time	Students think aloud
	Increased student performance

Teacher Evaluation Model Rubric

Domain 1: Classroom Strategies and Behaviors

Proficiency Area 3: Enacted on the Spot: All students are engaged. Students adhere to classroom rules. Teacher has established and maintains relationships with students. Teacher has high expectations for all students.

Indicator 3: Teacher moves around the classroom to check for understanding and provide assistance to students.

Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Not Practicing	Beginning to Use Elements of	Developing Proficient	Applying Effective Practices	Innovative Applications of
	Practice	Practices		Practice
There is no evidence that the teacher moves around the classroom to check for understanding or provide assistance to students.	There is evidence that the teacher moves around the classroom but does not check for understanding or provide assistance to students.	There is evidence that the teacher moves around the classroom but either does not check for understanding or provide assistance to students.	There is evidence that the teacher moves around the classroom, checks for understanding, and provides assistance to students.	There is evidence that the teacher moves around the classroom, checks for understanding, and provides assistance to students. The teacher consistently modifies instruction based on observations of varying levels of understanding and assistance needed by students.

 Teacher Behavior Evidence: Teacher circulates around classroom Teacher engages students in conversation to check for understanding and time on task Teacher provides assistance as needed Teacher modifies instruction when applicable 	Impact on Learning Evidence: • Students produce desired learning outcome • Increased student performance
reaction modifies instruction when applicable	

Teacher Evaluation Model Rubric

Domain 1: Classroom Strategies and Behaviors

Proficiency Area 3: Enacted on the Spot: All students are engaged. Students adhere to classroom rules. Teacher has established and maintains relationships with students. Teacher has high expectations for all students.

Indicator 4: Teacher provides instruction at a lively pace.

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Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Not Practicing	Beginning to Use Elements of	Developing Proficient	Applying Effective Practices	Innovative Applications of
	Practice	Practices		Practice
There is no evidence of a lively	There is limited evidence of a	There is some evidence of a	There is evidence of a lively	There is evidence of a lively
instructional pace.	lively instructional pace.	lively instructional pace.	instructional pace that effectively maintains students' engagement.	instructional pace that builds on both teacher and student creativity and effectively maintains students' engagement and interest.

Teacher Behavior Evidence:	Impact on Learning Evidence:
 Teacher employs crisp transitions from one activity to another 	Students are actively engaged
 Teacher alters pace appropriately 	Students quickly adapt to transitions and reengage when a new activity
 Teacher provides activities that focus on varying learning styles and 	is begun
multiple intelligences	 Students are familiar with the pace of the class
	Increased student performance

Teacher Evaluation Model Rubric

Domain 1: Classroom Strategies and Behaviors

Proficiency Area 3: Enacted on the Spot: All students are engaged. Students adhere to classroom rules. Teacher has established and maintains relationships with students. Teacher has high expectations for all students.

Indicator 5: Teacher provides instruction with intensity and enthusiasm.

Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Not Practicing	Beginning to Use Elements of	Developing Proficient	Applying Effective Practices	Innovative Applications of
	Practice	Practices		Practice
There is no evidence that the teacher provides instruction with intensity and enthusiasm.	There is limited evidence that the teacher provides instruction with intensity or enthusiasm.	There is some evidence that the teacher provides instruction with either intensity or enthusiasm but not both.	There is evidence that the teacher provides instruction with intensity and enthusiasm in a variety of ways.	There is evidence that the teacher provides instruction with intensity and enthusiasm; builds on both teacher and student creativity; and effectively maintains students' engagement and interest.

Teacher Behavior Evidence:	Impact on Learning Evidence:
 Teacher uses physical gestures Teacher varies voice tone Teacher dramatizes information Teacher exhibits overall high energy level 	 Students respond that teacher enjoys teaching and is knowledgeable of the content Students' attentiveness increases Students' level of intensity and enthusiasm is high
	Increased student performance

Teacher Evaluation Model Rubric

Domain 1: Classroom Strategies and Behaviors

Proficiency Area 3: Enacted on the Spot: All students are engaged. Students adhere to classroom rules. Teacher has established and maintains relationships with students. Teacher has high expectations for all students.

Indicator 6: Teacher presents unusual or intriguing information.

Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Not Practicing	Beginning to Use Elements of	Developing Proficient	Applying Effective Practices	Innovative Applications of
	Practice	Practices		Practice
There is no evidence that the teacher presents unusual or intriguing information.	There is limited evidence that the teacher presents unusual or intriguing information.	There is some evidence that the teacher presents unusual or intriguing information in a variety of ways to promote understanding.	There is evidence that the teacher presents unusual or intriguing information in a variety of ways to promote understanding.	There is evidence that the teacher presents unusual or intriguing information; builds on both teacher and student creativity; and effectively maintains students' engagement and interest.

Teacher Behavior Evidence:	Impact on Learning Evidence:
 Teacher systematically provides interesting facts and details about the content Teacher encourages students to identify interesting information about the content Teacher uses guest speakers to provide unusual and/or additional information about the content Teacher engages students in activities about the content (e.g. anticipation guides, games, KWL, etc.) 	 Students display a high level of inquisitiveness Students extend acquired knowledge through independent research Increased student performance

Teacher Evaluation Model Rubric

Domain 1: Classroom Strategies and Behaviors

Proficiency Area 3: Enacted on the Spot: All students are engaged. Students adhere to classroom rules. Teacher has established and maintains relationships with students. Teacher has high expectations for all students.

Indicator 7: Teacher acknowledges adherence to rules and procedures.

Rating Rubric

Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Not Practicing	Beginning to Use Elements of	Developing Proficient	Applying Effective Practices	Innovative Applications of
	Practice	Practices		Practice
There is no evidence that the teacher acknowledges adherence to rules and procedures.	There is limited evidence that the teacher acknowledges adherence to rules and procedures.	There is some evidence that the teacher acknowledges adherence to rules and procedures but not consistently.	There is evidence that the teacher consistently acknowledges adherence to rules and procedures.	There is evidence that the teacher consistently acknowledges adherence to rules and procedures. There are established rules and procedures that promote student self-compliance.

Teacher Behavior Evidence:

- Teacher provides verbal and non-verbal signals when a rule or procedure has been followed.
- Teacher notifies the home when a rule or procedure has been followed.
- Teacher uses tangible and/or intangible recognition when a rule or procedure has been followed (e.g. certificates, tokens, air kisses, pats on the back, air high fives, or other incentives).

- Students comply with rules and procedures
- Students redirect peers to adherence to rules and procedures
- Students appear appreciative of teacher acknowledging their positive behavior
- Increased student performance

Teacher Evaluation Model Rubric

Domain 1: Classroom Strategies and Behaviors

Proficiency Area 3: Enacted on the Spot: All students are engaged. Students adhere to classroom rules. Teacher has established and maintains relationships with students. Teacher has high expectations for all students.

Indicator 8: Teacher fairly applies consequences.

Rating Rubric

Rating Kubi ic				
Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Not Practicing	Beginning to Use Elements of	Developing Proficient	Applying Effective Practices	Innovative Applications of
	Practice	Practices		Practice
There is no evidence that the teacher fairly applies consequences.	There is limited evidence that the teacher fairly applies consequences.	There is some evidence that the teacher applies consequences but not fairly.	There is evidence that the teacher fairly applies consequences and monitors evidence that rules and procedures are followed by the majority of students.	There is evidence that the teacher consistently and fairly applies consequences and monitors evidence that rules and procedures are followed by all students.
				The teacher adapts and creates new strategies for unique student needs.

Teacher	Rehavior	r Evidence:
reacher	nenavioi	ryvillence.

- Teacher uses non –verbal signals (e.g. eye contact, proximity, tap on desk, body language)
- Teacher uses verbal signals (e.g. verbal warnings, verbal reminder of rules/consequences, application of consequences)

- Students cease inappropriate behavior
- Students accept consequences as a part of the way class is conducted
- Increased student performance

Teacher Evaluation Model Rubric

Domain 1: Classroom Strategies and Behaviors

Proficiency Area 3: Enacted on the Spot: All students are engaged. Students adhere to classroom rules. Teacher has established and maintains relationships with students. Teacher has high expectations for all students.

Indicator 9: Teacher demonstrates an understanding of students' interests and backgrounds.

Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Not Practicing	Beginning to Use Elements of	Developing Proficient	Applying Effective Practices	Innovative Applications of
	Practice	Practices		Practice
There is no evidence that the	There is limited evidence that the	There is some evidence that the	There is evidence that the teacher	There is evidence that the teacher
teacher demonstrates an	teacher demonstrates an	teacher demonstrates an	demonstrates an understanding of	demonstrates an understanding of
understanding of students'	understanding of students'	understanding of students'	the majority of the students'	all of the students' interests and
interests and backgrounds.	interests and backgrounds.	interests and backgrounds.	interests and backgrounds.	backgrounds.
				The teacher adapts and creates
				new strategies for unique student
				needs.

Teacher Behavior Evidence:	Impact on Learning Evidence:
 Teacher lesson plans include students' interest and background 	 Students express feelings of acceptance and appreciation
Teacher uses student surveys	Increased student performance
Teacher creates applicable print-rich environment	
 Teacher facilitates discussions based on students' interests 	

Teacher Evaluation Model Rubric

Domain 1: Classroom Strategies and Behaviors

Proficiency Area 3: Enacted on the Spot: All students are engaged. Students adhere to classroom rules. Teacher has established and maintains relationships with students. Teacher has high expectations for all students.

Indicator 10: Teacher displays behaviors that indicate affection for students.

Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Not Practicing	Beginning to Use Elements of	Developing Proficient	Applying Effective Practices	Innovative Applications of
-	Practice	Practices		Practice
There is no evidence that the	There is limited evidence that the	There is some evidence that the	There is evidence that the teacher	There is evidence that the teacher
teacher displays behaviors that	teacher displays behaviors that	teacher displays behaviors that	displays behaviors that indicate	displays behaviors that indicate
indicate affection for students.	indicate affection for students.	indicate affection for students.	affection for the majority of	affection for all students.
			students.	
				The teacher adapts and creates
				strategies based on unique
				student needs.

 Teacher Behavior Evidence: Teacher uses non-verbal signals (e.g. smiles, nods, thumbs up, claps) Teacher uses verbal signals (e.g. compliments, humor) 	 Impact on Learning Evidence: Students describe teacher as someone who cares Students respond positively to non-verbal and verbal signals Increased student performance
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Teacher Evaluation Model Rubric

Domain 1: Classroom Strategies and Behaviors

Proficiency Area 3: Enacted on the Spot: All students are engaged. Students adhere to classroom rules. Teacher has established and maintains relationships with students. Teacher has high expectations for all students.

Indicator 11: Teacher displays behaviors that indicate objectivity and control.

Rating Rubric

Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Not Practicing	Beginning to Use Elements of	Developing Proficient	Applying Effective Practices	Innovative Applications of
	Practice	Practices		Practice
There is no evidence that the	There is limited evidence that the	There is some evidence that the	There is evidence that the teacher	There is evidence that the teacher
teacher displays behaviors that	teacher displays behaviors that	teacher displays behaviors that	displays behaviors that indicate	displays behaviors that indicate
indicate objectivity and control.	indicate objectivity and control.	indicate objectivity and control.	objectivity and control for all	objectively and control for all
			students.	students.
				The teacher adapts and creates
				strategies based on unique
				student needs.

Teacher Behavior Evidence:

- Teacher displays positive behaviors that influence classroom climate
- Teacher addresses inflammatory issues and events in a calm and controlled manner
- Teacher does not demonstrate personal offense at student's misbehavior
- Teacher uses various stimuli to maintain a sense of calmness (e.g. dim lights, aquariums, soft music)

- Students are settled by the teacher's demeanor
- Students verbal or non-verbal responses indicate that the teacher maintains a sense of calmness
- Students verbal or non-verbal responses indicate that the teacher does not hold grudges or take offense to students behavior
- Increased student performance

Teacher Evaluation Model Rubric

Domain 1: Classroom Strategies and Behaviors

Proficiency Area 3: Enacted on the Spot: All students are engaged. Students adhere to classroom rules. Teacher has established and maintains relationships with students. Teacher has high expectations for all students.

Indicator 12: Teacher displays behaviors that value and respect all students.

Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Not Practicing	Beginning to Use Elements of	Developing Proficient	Applying Effective Practices	Innovative Applications of
	Practice	Practices		Practice
There is no evidence that the	There is limited evidence that the	There is some evidence that the	There is evidence that the teacher	There is evidence that the teacher
teacher displays behaviors that	teacher displays behaviors that	teacher displays behaviors that	displays behaviors that value and	displays behaviors that
value and respect all students.	value and respect all students.	value and respect all students.	respect all students.	demonstrate value and respect for
				all students.
				The teacher adapts and creates strategies based on unique student needs.

Teacher Behavior Evidence:	Impact on Learning Evidence:
 Teacher does not allow negative comments 	Students treat each other with respect
 Teacher sets high expectations for students 	 Students responses indicate that teacher cares for all students
Teacher addresses students in a respectful manner	Students willingly comply to all teacher expectations
 Teacher models behaviors that value and respect all students 	Students encourage each other
	Increased student performance

Teacher Evaluation Model Rubric

Domain 1: Classroom Strategies and Behaviors

Proficiency Area 3: Enacted on the Spot: All students are engaged. Students adhere to classroom rules. Teacher has established and maintains relationships with students. Teacher has high expectations for all students.

Indicator 13: Teacher probes incorrect responses.

Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Not Practicing	Beginning to Use Elements of	Developing Proficient	Applying Effective Practices	Innovative Applications of
	Practice	Practices		Practice
There is no evidence that the	There is limited evidence that the	There is evidence that the teacher	There is evidence that the teacher	There is evidence that the teacher
teacher probes incorrect	teacher probes incorrect	probes incorrect responses and	probes incorrect responses and	probes incorrect responses and
responses.	responses.	elicits correct responses from the	elicits correct responses from all	elicits correct responses from all
		majority of students.	students.	students.
				The teacher adapts and creates
				strategies based on unique
				student needs.

Teacher Behavior Evidence:	Impact on Learning Evidence:		
Teacher directs students to further explain incorrect answers	 Students are accountable for their responses 		
Teacher rephrases when incorrect answers are provided	 Students' responses indicate that the teacher holds them accountable 		
Teacher chunks or breaks question into smaller parts	 Students' responses indicate that the teacher assists them in answering 		
Teacher provides wait-time	questions correctly		
	 Increased student performance 		

Teacher Evaluation Model Rubric

Domain 1: Classroom Strategies and Behaviors

Proficiency Area 3: Enacted on the Spot: All students are engaged. Students adhere to classroom rules. Teacher has established and maintains relationships with students. Teacher has high expectations for all students.

Indicator 14: Teacher scaffolds instruction.

Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Not Practicing	Beginning to Use Elements of	Developing Proficient	Applying Effective Practices	Innovative Applications of
	Practice	Practices		Practice
There is no evidence that the	There is limited evidence that the		There is evidence that the teacher	There is evidence that the teacher
teacher scaffolds instruction.	teacher scaffolds instruction.	scaffolds instruction for the	scaffolds instruction for all	scaffolds instruction for all
		majority of students.	students.	students.
				The teacher adapts and creates
				strategies based on unique
				student needs.

Behavior Evidence:	Impact on Learning Evidence:		
 Teacher addresses or introduces prerequisite skills Teacher models desired responses Teacher facilitates guided practice Teacher uses small group instruction Teacher uses manipulatives or visual aids Teacher provides opportunity for independent practice 	 Students are accountable for their responses Students' responses indicate that the teacher holds them accountable Students' responses indicate that the teacher assists them in answering questions correctly Increased student performance 		

Teacher Evaluation Model Rubric

Domain 1: Classroom Strategies and Behaviors

Proficiency Area 3: Enacted on the Spot: All students are engaged. Students adhere to classroom rules. Teacher has established and maintains relationships with students. Teacher has high expectations for all students.

Indicator 15: Teacher differentiates instruction.

Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Not Practicing	Beginning to Use Elements of	Developing Proficient	Applying Effective Practices	Innovative Applications of
	Practice	Practices		Practice
There is no evidence that the	There is limited evidence that the	There is evidence that the teacher	There is evidence that the teacher	There is evidence that the teacher
teacher differentiates instruction.	teacher differentiates instruction.	differentiates instruction for the	differentiates instruction for all	differentiates instruction for all
		majority of students.	students.	students.
				The teacher adapts and creates
				strategies based on unique
				student needs.

Teacher Behavior Evidence:	Impact on Learning Evidence:		
 Teacher addresses or introduces prerequisite skills 	 Students are accountable for their responses 		
 Teacher models desired response 	 Students' responses indicate that the teacher holds them accountable 		
Teacher facilitates guided practice	 Students' responses indicate that the teacher assists them in answering 		
Teacher uses small group instruction	questions correctly		
 Teacher uses manipulatives or visual aids 	 Increased student performance 		
 Teacher provides opportunity for independent practice 			

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